

Material Safety Data (MSDS)

1. Information on chemical products and companies

A. Product name

- [IS-2001~2032] ILSIN Lacquer-Gold

B. Recommendations for the product and restrictions on use

- Purpose(Use) : Commercial use of wood and Steel
- Restrictions on use : No data

C. Provider Information

- Company name : Ilshin Chemical Co., Ltd
- Address : 2, Sincheoksandan 1-ro, Deoksan-eup, Jincheon-gun, Chungcheongbuk-do (Sincheok-ri 851)
- Emergency phone number : TEL : 043)536-0161, FAX : 043)536-0162

2. Hazards and risks

A. Classification of hazards and risks

- Acute toxicity (percutaneous): Category 4
- Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapour): Category 4
- Chronic aquatic environment hazards: Category 4
- Carcinogenicity: Category 2
- Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
- Severe eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2
- Flammable gases : category 1
- Flammable liquids: Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity (one exposure): Category 2
- Skin Corrosion/Skin Irritation: Category 2
- Inhalation hazard: Category 2

B. Items with warning signs including precautionary measures

○ Picture characters



○ Signal word

- Dangerous

○ Hazardous and dangerous statements

- H220 Extremely flammable gas
- H225 Highly flammable liquids and vapors
- H305 Swallowing into the airways can be harmful
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Irritation to the skin
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful when inhaled
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361 Suspected to cause damage to fetal or reproductive capacity
- H371 May cause damage to the eyes and skin in the body (see paragraph 11 (MSDS)).

○ Preventive action statement

1) Prevention

- P201 Secure the manual before use.
- P202 Do not handle all safety precautions until you have read and understood them.
- P210 Keep away from heat, spark, flame and high heat - no smoking
- P233 Seal the container tightly.
- P240 Bond or ground the vessel and receiver.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electricity, ventilation, lighting, and equipment.
- P242 Use only spark-free tools.

- P243 Take antistatic measures.
- P260 (Do not inhale (dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray).
- P261 (dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray) Avoid breathing.
- P264 Wash the handling area thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Handle only outdoors or in well ventilated areas.
- P273 Do not discharge into environment.
- P280 (protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection).
- P281 Wear appropriate personal protective gear

2) Correspondence

- P301+P310 If swallowed, consult a medical institution (doctor) immediately.
- P302+P352 Wash with plenty of soap and water if it gets on your skin.
- P303+P361+P353 On Skin (or Hair): Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash your skin with water.
- P304+P340 When inhaled, move to a place with fresh air and rest in an easy-to-breathe position.
- P305+P351+P338 Wash carefully with water for a few minutes if it gets on your eyes. Remove contact lenses if possible. Keep washing.
- P308+P313 If you are exposed or concerned about exposure, seek medical measures and advice.
- P309+P311 If you feel exposed or uncomfortable, see a medical institution.
- P312 If you feel uncomfortable, consult a medical institution.
- P321 Take the necessary measures.
- P322 Take the necessary steps.
- P331 Don't make me vomit.
- P332+P313 Seek medical advice if skin irritation occurs.
- P337+P313 Seek medical advice if eye irritation persists.
- P362 Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before using it again.
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before use again.
- P370+P378 Use fire extinguisher to extinguish fire.

3) Storage

- P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place and keep at low temperatures.
- P405 Store in a locked storage area.

4) Disposal

- P501 Refer to "13. Disposal Precautions" in MSDS and dispose of contents and containers.

C. Other hazards and risks that are not included in the classification criteria for hazards and risks

○ NFPA rating (Steps 0 Through 4)

- Health: 2, Fire: 0, Reactivity: 1

3. Name and content of components

Chemical substance name	Tolerant name and tinnitus	CAS number or identification number	content(%)
Oxybismethane	Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	30 ~ 40
Copper	-	7440-50-8	10 ~ 15
Petroleum Hydrocarbon Resin	Extract, Residuum Resins	64742-16-1	10 ~ 15
Propane	Dimethylmethane	74-98-6	5 ~ 10
Toluene	Methylbenzene	108-88-3	20 ~ 30

4. Tips for emergency measures

A. When it goes into your eyes

- Don't rub your eyes.
- Use plenty of water to flush eyes for at least 15 minutes.
- Seek immediate medical attention.
- If symptoms (redness, irritation, etc.) occur, go to the hospital immediately.
- If you are wearing contact lenses, remove them first.

B. When it comes into contact with the skin

- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and immediately rinse with soap and water for at least 15 minutes.
- Wash contaminated cloth thoroughly before reuse.
- Seek immediate medical attention.
- If symptoms (redness, irritation, etc.) occur, go to the hospital immediately.

- Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Prevent skin spread.

C. When you inhale it

- If exposed to large amounts of steam or mist, move to a place with fresh air.
- Take action as necessary.
- Seek immediate medical attention.
- If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration and oxygen.

D. When you eat it

- Get advice from your doctor as to whether vomiting should be triggered.
- Rinse your mouth with water immediately.
- If swallowed, drink plenty of water and do not induce vomiting.
- Seek immediate medical attention.

E. Other doctor's precautions

- Inform medical personnel of the contamination so that they can Take appropriate protective measures.
- Seek medical attention and advice if exposed or concerned about exposure.

5. How to cope with an explosion or fire

A. Appropriate (and inappropriate) digestive medicine

- Water, carbon dioxide, powder, dry chemical fire extinguishing agent
- Water, Foams
- Powdered fire extinguishing agent, carbon dioxide, water, alcohol-type home
- Particulate powder fire extinguishing agent, carbon dioxide, water, common foams
- Avoid fire extinguishing using waterjets.

B. Specific hazards arising from chemicals

- Highly flammable liquids and vapors
- Intense polymerization can cause fires and explosions
- Steam can be transferred to the ignition source to ignite
- May produce irritating and highly toxic gases by pyrolysis or combustion during burning
- Can form explosive mixtures at or above the flash point
- Containers may explode when heated
- High flammability: easily ignited by heat, spark, flame
- Leakage is at risk of fire/explosion
- Risk of steam explosion in indoor, outdoor, and sewers
- Vapor can form an explosive mixture with air
- Steam can backfire (flash back) to travel to the sources of ignition.
- Steam may cause dizziness or suffocation without awareness
- Irritates or burns skin and eyes on inhalation and contact

C. Protective equipment and preventive measures to be worn in the event of a fire suppression

- Move the container away from the fire area if it can be done without danger.
- Avoid inhalation of the substance itself or combustion products.
- Do not approach the tank if it is engulfed in flames.
- Find and Use an evolutionary method that suits your surroundings.
- Wear appropriate protective equipment if necessary.
- Steam or gas can ignite from a distant ignition source and diffuse in an instant.
- These are materials with extremely low flash points, and the main water extinguishing effect may be small when extinguishing fires.

6. How to deal with leakage accidents

A. Measures and protective equipment necessary to protect the human body

- Ventilate before entering confined spaces.
- Be sure to work with your back to the wind and evacuate anyone who has it.
- Move the container to an area safe from leakage.
- Remove all ignition sources

- Do not inject directly into spilled liquid and leak area.
- Prevent access to non-related persons, isolate dangerous areas, and prohibit entry.
- Do not clean and dispose without professional supervision.
- Avoid skin contact and breathing.

B. Measures necessary to protect the environment

- Prevent leakage from entering sewage systems and water systems.
- If there is a large amount of leakage, report it to 119, the Ministry of Environment, the Regional Environmental Management Agency, or the city or province (Environmental Guidance Division).

C. Purification or removal method

- Massive leakage: Avoid low-lying areas and stay in the opposite direction from the wind. Build and manage embankments for the disposal of leakage.
- If you discharge more than the standard amount, notify the central government and local governments of the emissions.
- Disposal by the Waste Management Act (Ministry of Environment).
- Collect in a suitable container for disposal of leaking material.
- Small amount leakage: Use sand or other non-flammable materials to absorb.
- Wipe off the solvent.
- Build the embankment for further processing.
- Prevent wastewater from entering or spreading into waterways, sewers and underground.
- Do not Use plastic containers.

7. Handling and storage methods

A. Safety handling tips

- Wash thoroughly after handling
- Handle according to current laws and regulations.
- Obtain the instruction manual before use.
- Handle only in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not inhale vapors for long periods of time or repeatedly.
- Avoid contact with heat, sparks, flames or other ignition sources.
- Do not take contaminated clothing out of the workplace.

B. Safe storage method

- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.
- Do not apply physical impact to the container.
- Avoid direct sunlight.
- If not in use, place airtight.
- No Flammables
- Collect in an airtight container.
- Designate and store carcinogenic substances.
- Store in a place away from water supply and sewerage.

8. Exposure protection and personal protective equipment

A. Exposure standards of chemical substances, biological exposure standards, etc

○ Domestic exposure standards

- [Copper] : TWA : 1 mg/m³ STEL : 2 mg/m³
TWA : 0.1 mg/m³
- [Toluene] : TWA : 50 ppm 188 mg/m³ STEL : 150 ppm 560 mg/m³

○ ACGIH exposure standard

- [Copper] : TWA 0.2 mg/m³ , 1 mg/m³
- [Toluene] : TWA 20 ppm (75 mg/m³)

○ Biological exposure criteria

- [Toluene] : 0.02 mg/L Medium: blood Time: prior to last shift of workweek Parameter: Toluene;
0.03 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: Toluene;
0.3 mg/g creatinine Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: oCresol with hydrolysis (background)

B. Appropriate engineering management

- The employer shall take necessary measures, such as installing facilities to suppress the emission of gas, gas, etc. or sealing the emission source of gas, etc. so that the concentration of gas, steam, mist, fume, or dust does not exceed the harmful level in the air.

C. Personal Protective Equipment

○ Respiratory protection

- Wear a gas mask certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency if there is a possibility of direct exposure or exposure to the substance.
- Respiratory protection is classified from minimum to maximum concentration.
- Consider the warning characteristics before use.
- Gas mask (directly small, for organic compounds)
- Air-filtered respirators (purification containers and front type for organic compounds)
- Unknown concentration or other imminent danger to life or health: air ventilation mask (complex air line mask), air respirator (front type)

○ Eye protection

- If you are concerned about direct contact or exposure to the substance, wear safety glasses certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency.
- Workshop in close proximity Install eye washing and emergency washing facilities (shower type).

○ Hand protection

- If you are concerned about direct contact or exposure to the substance, wear chemical resistant gloves certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency.

○ Physical protection

- If you are concerned about direct contact or exposure to the substance, wear chemical resistant protective clothing certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency.

9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance	
- an icon of nature	liquid
- Colors	Gold
B. Smell	The smell of solvent
C. Smell threshold	No data
D. pH	No data
E. Melting point/Freezing point	No data
F. Initial boiling point and boiling point range	No data
G. Flash point	-80 °C
H. Evaporation rate	No data
I. Flammable (solid, gas)	No data
J. Upper/lower limit of range of ignition or explosion	No data
K. steam pressure	No data
L. solubility	No data
M. steam density	No data
N. specific gravity	0.9 ~ 1.1 (-20°C)
O. N-octanol/water distribution factor	No data
P. Natural ignition temperature	No data
Q. Decomposition temperature	No data
R. Viscosity	95 ~ 100 Ku
S. molecular weight	No data

10. Stability and Reactivity

A. Possibility of chemical stability and adverse reactions

- Stable for recommended storage and handling.
- No adverse polymerization reaction.

B. Conditions to Avoid

- Avoid non-mixing substances and conditions.
- Avoid contact with heat, flame, flame or other sources of ignition.

C. Substances to be avoided

- No data

D. Hazardous substances produced during decomposition

- No data

11. Information on toxicity

A. Information on likely exposure routes

- ☐ (respiratory)
 - Swallowing into the airways can be harmful
- ☐ (Original)
 - No data
- ☐ (Eyes and Skin)
 - Severe irritation to the eyes
 - Irritation to the skin

B. Health Hazard Information

- ☐ Acute toxicity
 - * Oral toxicity
 - [Toluene] : rat LD50=2600 mg/kg
 - [Petroleum Hydrocarbon Resin] : LD50 = 7000 mg/kg Mammal
 - * Percutaneous toxicity
 - [Toluene] : rabbit LD50=12,000 mg/kg
 - * Inhalation toxicity
 - [Propane] : LC50 142500 ppm/4hr Rat (570000 ppm/15min)
 - [Toluene] : rat LC50=28.1 mg/L/4hr
- ☐ Corrosive or irritating skin
 - [Oxybismethane] : Vapors and liquids irritate the skin
 - [Petroleum Hydrocarbon Resin] : irritating to the skin
 - [Propane] : No data (EU Directive 67/548). rabbit /irritating (IUCLID)
 - [Toluene] : Skin irritation, rabbit, Irritation, OECD Guide line 404 People, Skin irritability, guinea pig, Skin irritability
- ☐ Severe eye damage or irritation
 - [Oxybismethane] : Steam and liquids irritate the eyes
 - [Propane] : Rabbit/not irritating (IUCLID)
 - [Toluene] : An eye irritation test using rabbits causes recoverable irritation for 6 days.
- ☐ Respiratory irritability
 - No data
- ☐ Skin irritability
 - [Toluene] : Test result negative using guinea pig
- ☐ Carcinogenicity
 - * Ministry of Environment Chemicals Control Act
 - No data
 - * IARC
 - [2-Butoxyethanol] : Group 3
 - [Toluene] : Group 3
 - * OSHA
 - No data
 - * ACGIH
 - [Toluene] : A4
 - * NTP
 - No data
 - * EU CLP
 - No data
- ☐ Germ cell mutagenicity
 - [Oxybismethane] : Microbial return mutation test results negative
- ☐ Reproductive toxicity
 - [Oxybismethane] : There are reports of fetal and embryonic effects in experimental animals
 - [Toluene] : Increased miscarriage, neonatal developmental abnormalities, deformities, and decreased concentration of female hormones in human epidemiological studies, In animal testing, toxicity that did not appear in the first generation showed fetal death and deformed child symptoms in the second generation
- ☐ Specific target organ toxicity (1 exposure)

- [Copper] : Fume stimulates upper airway
- [Toluene] : The central nervous system is considered a target organ, indicating airway irritation, anesthesia
- **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**
 - [Oxybismethane] : Inhalation of rats did not reveal any significant differences in behavior, health status, food intake and food rate during repeated exposure for 13 weeks.
 - [Toluene] : It causes headaches, memory loss, chronic central nervous system disorders, kidney failure such as hematuria and proteinuria, brain atrophy, fattyization of liver cells, and hepatotoxicity in the human body
 - [Propane] : (EU Directive 67/548/EEC). Central nervous system: the effects of the nervous system(TOMES)
 - [Copper] : Human liver damage appears
- **The harmful effects of aspiration**
 - [Toluene] : It is a hydrocarbon with a kinematic viscosity of 0.65 mm²/s (25 °C).

12. Environmental Impact

A. Ecotoxicity

- **Fish**
 - [Copper] : LC50 = 0.37 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - [Propane] : LC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 96 hr Other ((Species : Fish TLM))
- **Crustaceans**
 - [Copper] : EC50 = 0.0318 mg/ℓ 48 hr
 - [Propane] : LC50 = 52.157 mg/ℓ 48 hr
- **The current**
 - [Propane] : LC50 = 32.252 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - [Copper] : EC50 = 0.092 mg/ℓ 15 hr

B. Residue and Decomposition

- **Residuity**
 - [Oxybismethane] : log Kow 0.1
 - [Propane] : log Kow 2.36
 - [Copper] : log Kow = -0.57(Estimation)
- **Decomposability**
 - No data

C. Biological Concentration

- **Bioconcentrality**
 - [Propane] : BCF 13
 - [Copper] : BCF 5830
- **Biodegradable**
 - [Oxybismethane] : 5 (%) 28 day
 - [Propane] : 65.7 (%) 35 day

D. Soil Mobility

- [Oxybismethane] : Koc 27

E. Other harmful effects

- No data

13. Precautions for disposal

A. Disposal method

- If two or more types of designated wastes are mixed and it is difficult to separate and dispose of them, the reduction and stabilization can be performed by incineration or similar methods.
- Oil and water separation shall be performed in advance by the method of separating oil and water.
- To be incinerated.
- Burn at high temperature.
- After recovering substances to be recycled such as organic solvents, incinerate the residues at high temperature.
- Drain all remaining gas in the spray container and drain according to the procedure.

B. Precautions for disposal

- A business operator (business waste discharger) that discharges business waste shall dispose of the waste generated from the business site by itself, or delegate it to a waste disposal business operator, a person who regenerates the waste of others, or a person who installs and operates a waste disposal facility.
- Compliance with the Waste Management Act.

14. Information Required for Transport

A. United Nations number (UN No.)

- UN 1950

B. UN proper shipping name

- AEROSOLS

C. Risk rating in transportation

- 2.1

D. Container rating

- No data

E. Marine pollutants

- Not Applicable

F. Special safety measures that users need or need to know about transportation or means of transportation

- In accordance with the Dangerous Goods Safety Control Act for local transportation.
- Packaging and transportation to DOT and other regulations.
- Types of emergency measures in case of fire: F-E (non-water-reactive flammable liquids)
- Types of emergency measures in case of spillage: S-E (floating on water)

15. Legal regulatory status

A. Regulation under the Occupational Safety and Health Act

☐ Material to be measured in the working environment

- [Copper] : Measurement cycle: 6 months
- [Toluene] : Measurement cycle: 6 months

☐ Exposure criteria setting substances

- [Copper]
- [Toluene]

☐ Ministry of Employment and Labor Notice

* Carcinogenicity

- [2-Butoxyethanol] : Carcinogenicity 2

* Reproductive cell mutagenicity

- No data

* Reproductive toxicity

- [Toluene] : Reproductive toxicity 2

☐ Substances subject to PSM submission

- [Toluene]
- [Oxybismethane]
- [Propane]

☐ Hazardous substances to be managed

- [Copper]
- [Toluene]

☐ Allowable standard setting substances

- [Toluene]

☐ Substances subject to special health examination

- [Copper] : Diagnosis cycle: 12 months
- [Toluene] : Diagnosis cycle: 12 months

B. Regulation under the Chemical Substance Control Act

☐ Toxic substances

- Not applicable (85% or more of Toluene)

- ☐ **Chemicals subject to emission investigation**
 - Applicable (Toluene containing not less than 1%)
- ☐ **Accident preparation material**
 - Not applicable (85% or more of Toluene)
- ☐ **Restricted substances**
 - Not applicable
- ☐ **Permitted substance**
 - Not applicable

C. Regulation under the Dangerous Goods Safety Management Act

- Dangerous goods: Category 4 oil (Designated quantity: 200 liters (non-water-soluble liquid))

D. Regulation under the Waste Management Act

- This product falls under the designated waste (waste paint and waste locker) according to the Enforcement Decree of the Waste Management Act (Attachment 1) among wastes generated at the workplace.

E. Other regulations under domestic and foreign laws

- ☐ **Residual Organic Pollutants Control Act**
 - Not Applicable
- * **EU classification information**
 - * **Result of definitive classification**
 - [Oxybismethane] : F+; R12
 - [Propane] : F+; R12
 - [Toluene] : F; R11 Repr.Cat.3; R63 Xn; R48/20-65 Xi; R38 R67
 - * **Risk statement**
 - [Oxybismethane] : R12
 - [Propane] : R12
 - [Toluene] : R11, R38, R48/20, R63, R65, R67
 - * **Safety statement**
 - [Oxybismethane] : S2, S9, S16, S33
 - [Propane] : S2, S9, S16
 - [Toluene] : S2, S36/37, S46, S62
- ☐ **About U.S. Management**
 - * **OSHA Regulation (29CFR1910.119)**
 - Not Applicable
 - * **CERCLA 103 Regulation (40CFR302.4)**
 - [Toluene] : 453.599 kg 1000 lb
 - [Copper] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
 - * **EPCRA 302 Regulation (40CFR355.30)**
 - Not Applicable
 - * **EPCRA 304 Regulation (40CFR355.40)**
 - Not Applicable
 - * **EPCRA 313 Regulations (40CFR372.65)**
 - [Toluene] : Applicable
 - [Copper] : Applicable
- ☐ **Rotterdam Convention Substances**
 - Not Applicable
- ☐ **Stockholm Convention Substances**
 - Not Applicable
- ☐ **Montreal Protocol Substances**
 - Not Applicable

16. Other Notes

A. Source of data

- This MSDS is referred to in Article 110 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act (the provision of material safety and health data) and Notice No. 2023-9 of the Ministry of Employment and Labor (classification and labeling of chemicals, and Based on the criteria for material safety and health data), it is prepared in consideration of the current status of related regulatory laws and regulations in Korea.
- This MSDS was prepared based on KOSHA, NITE, ESIS, NLM, SIDS, IPCS, NCIS, etc.

B. Date of initial preparation

- 2008-03-17

C. Number of revisions and the date of final revisions

- 16th/2023-05-26

D. Other

- This information was prepared based on the DB currently available to protect worker health, environment, and safety.